

ASW45K-LT-G3/ASW50K-LT-G3/ASW60K-LT-G3

PV Grid-Connected Inverter User Manual

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General information

1.1 About this document

1

This document describes the mounting, installation, commissioning, configuration, operation, troubleshooting and decommissioning of the product as well as the operation of the product user interface.

You will find the latest version of this document and further information on the product in PDF format at www.solplanet.net.

It is recommended that this document is stored in an appropriate location and be available at all times.

1.2 Product validity

This document is valid for the following models:

- ASW45K-LT-G3
- ASW50K-LT-G3
- ASW60K-LT-G3

1.3 Target group

This document is intended for qualified persons who must perform the tasks exactly as described in this user manual.

All installation work must be performed by appropriately trained and qualified persons. Qualified persons must possess the following skills:

- Knowledge of how an inverter works and is operated.
- Training in how to deal with the dangers and risks associated with installing, repairing and using electrical devices and installations.
- Training in the installation and commissioning of electrical devices.
- Knowledge of all applicable laws, standards and directives.
- Knowledge of and compliance with this document and all safety information.

1.4 Safety warning symbols guide

A DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, can result in property damage.

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Information that is important for a specific topic or goal, but is not safety relevant.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended use

- The product is a transformerless PV inverter which converts the direct current of the PV generator into grid-compatible three-phase alternating current and then feeds the three-phase alternating current into the public power grid.
- The product is intended for indoor and outdoor applications.
- The product must only be connected with PV modules of protection class II (in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A). Do not connect any sources of energy other than PV modules to the product.
- The product is not equipped with an integrated transformer and therefore has no galvanic isolation. The product must not be operated with PV modules which require functional grounding of either the positive or negative PV conductors. This can cause the product to be irreparably damaged. The product may be operated with PV modules with frames that require protective earthing.
- All components must remain within their permitted operating ranges and their installation requirements at all times.
- Use the product only in accordance with the information provided in the user manual and with the locally applicable standards and directives. Any other application may cause personal injury or damage to property.
- The product must only be used in countries for which it is approved by Solplanet and the grid operator.
- The type label must be permanently attached to the product and must be in a legible condition.
- This document does not replace any regional, state, provincial, federal or national laws, regulations or standards that apply to the installation, electrical safety and use of the product.

2.2 Important safety instructions

The product has been designed and tested in accordance with international safety requirements. As with all electrical or electronical devices, there are residual risks despite careful construction. To prevent personal injury and property damage and to ensure long-term operation of the product, read this section carefully and observe all safety information at all times.

🛕 DANGER

Danger to life due to high voltages of the PV array!

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors and the live components of the product. Touching the DC conductors or the live components can cause to lethal electric shocks. If the DC connectors are disconnected from the product under load, an electric arc may occur leading to electric shock and burns.

- Do not touch non-insulated parts or cables.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.
- Do not touch any live components of the product.
- Do not open the product.
- All work on the product must only be carried out by qualified personnel who have read and fully understood all safety information contained in this document.
- Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the product.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

A DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching live system components in case of a ground fault !

If a ground fault occurs, parts of the system may still be live. Touching live parts and cables results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

 Disconnect the product from voltage sources and ensure it cannot be reconnected before working on the device.

- The DC switch may be operated whilst the inverter is in operation.
- Do not touch any parts of the substructure or frame of the PV array.
- Do not connect PV strings with ground faults to the product.

WARNING

Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage!

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1100 Vdc or higher.

WARNING

Risk of burns due to hot enclosure parts!

Some parts of the enclosure can become hot during operation, touching these parts may cause burns.

- Only touch the DC switch when the inverter is running.
- Do not touch any parts other than the enclosure lid of the product during operation.

M WARNING

Risk of injury due to weight of product!

Injuries may result if the product is lifted incorrectly or dropped while being transported or mounted.

- Transport and lift the product carefully. Take the weight of the product into account.
- Qualified person should wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge

Internal components of the inverter can be irreparably damaged by electrostatic discharge.

• Ground yourself before touching any component.

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The country grid code must be set correctly.

If you select a country grid code which is not valid for your country and purpose, it can cause a disturbance in the PV system and lead to problems with the grid operator. When selecting the country grid code, you must always observe the locally applicable standards and directives as well as the properties of the PV system (e.g. PV system size, grid-connection point).

• If you are not sure which standards and directives are valid for your country or purpose, contact the grid operator.

2.3 Symbols on the label

| | Beware of a danger zone! This symbol indicates that the product must be additionally grounded if additional grounding or equipotential bonding is required at the installation site. |
|--|---|
| A | Beware of high voltage and operating current! The inverter operates at high voltage and current. Work on the inverter must only be carried out by skilled and authorized electricians. |
| | Beware of hot surfaces! The inverter can become hot during operation. Avoid contact during opera- tion. |
| | WEEE designation Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable in the country of installation. |
| CE | CE marking The product complies with the requirements of the applicable EU directives. |
| Type Approved Safety Pagety Production Survillator CERTIFIED | Certification mark The product has been tested by TUV and has received the quality certifica- tion mark. |
| | RCM Mark The product complies with the requirements of the applicable Australian standards. |
| | Capacitors discharge Before opening the covers, the inverter must be disconnected from the grid and PV array. Wait at least 25 minutes to allow the energy stored in the capacitors to completely discharge. |
| Í | Observe the documentation Observe all documentation supplied with the product. |

3 Unpacking and storage

3.1 Scope of delivery

Check the scope of delivery for completeness and any visible external damage. Contact your supplier if the scope of delivery is incomplete or damaged.



3.2 Product storage

Suitable storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately:

- Store the inverter in the original package.
- The storage temperature must be between -30°C to +70°C, and the storage relative humidity must be between 0 and 100%, non-condensing.
- The packing with the inverter shall not be tilted or inverted.
- The product must be fully inspected and tested by professionals before it can be put into operation, if it has been stored for six months or more.

4 Inverter overview

4.1 Product description



| NO. | Name | Description |
|-----|--------------------|---|
| 1 | Side handles | Used to hold and move the inverter. |
| 2 | Fan assembly | Holds the fans in place and allows for maintenance and replacement. |
| 3 | DC switch | Used to isolate the inverter from a DC input source e.g. PV array |
| 4 | LED indicator | Indicates the present working state of the inverter. |
| 5 | Bottom handles | Used to hold and move the inverter. |
| 6 | AC/COM Wiring area | Interface to connect the AC/COM side cables. |
| 7 | Mounting flanges | Used to hang the inverter onto the mounting-bracket. |
| 8 | Labels | Warning symbols, nameplate, and QR code. |
| 9 | DC Wiring area | Interface to connect PV module strings |

4.2 Dimensions



4.3 LED indicator

The LED indicator can indicate the operation state of the inverter.

| LED indicator | LED state | Description | |
|------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Solid ON | The white LED is solid ON when the product is operating normally and feeding into the utility grid. | |
| SOLAR (White) | Blinking | The white LED is blinking when the product is self-checking automatically e.g. during synchronisa-tion to the utility grid. | |
| | OFF | The white LED is off when the product is not feeding into the utility grid. | |
| | | | |
| СОМ | Blinking | The white LED is blinking when the product is communicating with other devices e.g. Wi-Fi stick. Depending on the data transfer speed, the white LED may blink either fast or slow. | |
| (White) | OFF | When the communication is abnormal or there is no data transmission, the white LED is off. | |
| | | | |
| FAULT | Solid ON | When the product stops feeding into the utility grid due to a fault, the red LED is solid ON. | |
| (Red) | OFF | When there are no faults, the red LED is off. | |

4.4 Circuit diagram

The circuit diagram of the ASW45/50/60K-LT-G3 is as follows.



4.5 Supported grid types

The grid types supported by Solplanet is TN-S, TN-C,TN-C-S, TT, as shown in the figure below:



ground wire must be less than 20V.

4.6 Interfaces and functions

The product is equipped with the following interfaces and functions:

Wi-Fi

The product is equipped with a Wi-Fi stick as standard.

When the Wi-Fi stick is used, the inverter will generate a wireless access point (WAP). A direct connection between the inverter and a mobile smart device can be established via the WAP.

RS485 Interface

The inverter may or may not be equipped with two RS485 interfaces. The inverter can communicate with Solplanet communication products or third party devices via the RS485 interface. For more information regarding third party devices, please contact the local Solplanet service department.

Modbus RTU and Modbus Sunspec

The inverter contains Modbus RTU and Modbus Sunspec protocols. The Modbus of the supported Solplanet products is designed for industrial use and allows:

- Remote query of measured values
- Remote setting of operating parameters
- Setpoint specifications for system control

Export active power control

The product is equipped with the export active power limit function, so as to meet the requirements of some national standards or grid standards for limiting the output power at the grid connection point.

The export active power control solution measures the active power at the point where the customer's PV plant is connected to the distribution system (point of grid connection) and then uses this information to control the inverter's active power output in order to prevent the export active power, to the grid, from exceeding the agreed export power limit.

The smart meter that can be used with inverter product must be approved by Solplanet. For more information about the smart meter, please contact the local service team.



Inverter demand response modes (DRED)

The product shall detect and initiate a response to all supported demand response commands according to the standard AS/NZS 4777.2.

If DRMs support is required, the inverter should be used together with the Ai-Logger. The Demand Response Enabling Device (DRED) can be conneted to the DRED port on Ai-Logger via RS485 cable. You can vist the website (www.solplanet.net) for more information and download the user manual for the Ai-Logger.

Earth fault alarm

This product complies with IEC 62109-2 clause 13.9 for earth fault alarm monitoring. If an Earth Fault Alarm occurs, the red color LED indicator will illuminate. At the same time, the error code 38 will be sent to the Solplanet Cloud. (This function is only available in Australia and New Zealand).

4.7 Communication overview

The communication overview with a Wi-Fi stick:



The communication overview with a LTE Cat-1 stick:



One Wi-Fi stick or LTE CAT-1 stick can connect with up to five devices:





The communication overview with Ai-Logger for a large PV plant:

5 Mounting

5.1 Requirements for mounting

A DANGER

Danger to life due to fire or explosion!

Despite careful construction, electrical devices can cause fires. This can result in death or serious injury.

- Do not mount the product in areas containing highly flammable materials or gases.
- Do not mount the inverter in areas where there is a risk of explosion.
- The ambient temperature recommended to be below 45°C to ensure optimal operation.
- A solid support surface must be available (e.g. concrete or masonry). Ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear four times the weight of the inverter. When mounted on drywall or similar materials, the inverter may emit audible vibrations during operation.
- The mounting location must be inaccessible to children.
- The mounting location should be freely and safely accessible to authorised personnel at all times without the need for any auxiliary equipment (such as scaffolding or lifting platforms). Non-fulfillment of these criteria may restrict operation and maintenance activities.
- The mounting location must not be exposed to direct solar irradiation. If the product is
 exposed to direct solar irradiation, the exterior components may age prematurely and
 overheating might occur. When becoming too hot, the product reduces its power output to
 avoid overheating.



• Never install the inverter horizontally, or with a forward / backward tilt exceeding what is shown in the image below, or even upside down. The horizontal installation can result in damage to the inverter.



• Maintain the recommended clearances to other inverters or objects.



• In case of multiple inverters, ensure the appropriate clearance between the inverters.



- The product should be mounted such that the LED indicators can be viewed without difficulty.
- The DC switch of the product must always be readily accessible.

5.2 Mounting



Wear suitable personal protective equipment for all work on the product.

Damage to cable lines can cause personal injury!

The walls may be covered with power cords or other lines (for example, gas or water).

• Make sure that no cables on the wall or inside the wall cavity are damaged when drilling.

Step 1: Align the wall mounting bracket horizontally on the wall with the arrows pointing upwards. Mark the position of the drill holes. Set the wall mounting bracket aside and drill the marked holes with a diameter of 12 mm. The depth of the holes should be about 70 mm. Maintain the hammer drill bit perpendicular to the wall to avoid drilling at an inclined angle.



Danger of personal injury due to falling inverter.

If the hole depth and distance are not correct, the inverter may fall off the wall.

• Before inserting the bolts into the wall, measure the depth of the hole.

Step 2: Remove any dust from the hole, insert four expansion bolts into the hole, gently tap them into the hole with a rubber hammer, tighten the nuts with a wrench. Fix the bolt tail, and remove the nut, spring washer and flat washer and reserve them for the next step.



Step 3: Fix the mounting-bracket using the expansion bolts.



Step 4: Lift and place the inverter onto the mounting-bracket and ensure that the mounting flanges perfectly align with the mounting-bracket.





 $\label{eq:step5} \textbf{Step 5}: \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{Secure the inverter to the mounting bracket with the screws provided.}$



Electrical connection

6.1 Overview of the connection area

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The figure shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may slightly differ!

| No. | Name |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| 1 | DC-switch |
| 2 | DC input connectors |
| 3 | Wi-Fi stick port |
| 4 | Additional grounding terminal |
| 5 | RS485 communication port |
| 6 | AC terminal |

6.2 Connecting additional grounding

The inverter is equipped with a grounding fault monitoring device. The grounding fault monitoring device will disconnect the inverter from utility grid when it detects there is no ground conductor connected. Hence the product does not require additional grounding or equipotential bonding when operating.

If the ground fault monitoring function is deactivated or the additional grounding is required by local installation standards, then additional grounding can be connected to the inverter.

Requirements for secondary protection ground cable:

| ltem | Description | Note |
|------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Screw | Specifications M5, supplied. |
| 2 | OT/DT terminal | Specifications M5, provided by the customer. |
| 3 | Yellow and green ground cable | 16-35mm ² |

Procedure:

Step 1: Strip the grounding cable insulation. Insert the stripped part of the ground cable into the ring terminal and crimp using a crimping tool. Insert the stripped part of the grounding cable into the ring terminal and crimp using a crimping tool.



1: Heat shrink tubing

2: OT/DT terminal (M5)



Step 2: Remove the screw on the ground terminal, insert the screw through the OT/DT terminal, and tighten the screw.

Step 3: Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

6.3 AC connection

6.3.1 Requirements for the AC connection

Cable Requirements

The cable must be dimensioned in accordance with the local and national standards or for the dimensioning of cables. The requirements for the minimum wire are derived derive from these directives. Examples of factors influencing cable dimensioning are: nominal AC current, type of cable, routing method, cable bundling, ambient temperature and maximum desired line losses.



| ltem | Description | Value |
|------|--|-------------------|
| А | External diameter of outer sheath | 2842mm |
| D | L1-L3 Copper cable conductor cross-section | 3070mm² |
| в | N Copper cable conductor cross-section | S/270mm² |
| | PE Copper cable conductor cross-section | S/235mm² |
| С | Insulation stripping length | Matching terminal |
| D | Sheath stripping length | 130 mm |

*Cross-sectional area of conductor conductors=S

Requirements for M8 OT/DT Terminal

OT/DT terminals (not included in the delivery scope) are required for connecting AC cables to the terminal block. Purchase the OT/DT terminals according to the following requirements.



| ltem | Description |
|------|----------------|
| А | a≤23mm |
| В | 8.5mm≤b≤10.5mm |

Aluminium Cable Requirements

If an aluminium cable is selected, use a copper to aluminium adapter terminal to avoid direct

contact between the copper bar and the aluminium cable.



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Ensure that the selected adapter terminal makes direct contact with the copper bar. If there are any problems, contact the manufacturer of terminal.

Direct contact between the copper bar and the aluminium cable will cause electrochemical corrosion and impair the reliability of electrical connection.

Residual current protection

The product is equipped with an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit inside. Hence the product does not require an external residual-current device when operating.



If local regulations require the use of a residual-current device, please install a type A residual-current protection device with a protection limit of no less than 300mA.

Overvoltage category

The inverter can be used in grids of overvoltage category III or lower in accordance with IEC 60664-1. That means that the product can be permanently connected to the grid-connection point of a building. In case of installations with long outdoor cable routes, additional measures to reduce overvoltage category IV to overvoltage category III are required.

AC circuit breaker

In PV systems with multiple inverters, a seperate AC circuit breaker is required for each inverter. This will prevent voltage from being present at the corresponding connection point after disconnection.

No consumer load should be connected between AC circuit breaker and the inverter.

The selection of the AC circuit breaker rating depends on the wiring design (wire cross-section area), cable type, wiring method, ambient temperature, inverter current rating, etc. Derating of UM0036_ASW45K-60K-LT-G3_EN_V02_0523 25 the AC circuit breaker rating may result due to self-heating or if exposed to heat. The maximum output current and the maximum output overcurrent protection of the inverters can be found in section 10 "Technical data".

Ground fault monitoring

The inverter is equipped with a ground fault monitoring device. This device will disconnect the inverter from utility grid when it detects there is no ground fault connected. Depending on the installation site and grid configuration, it may be advisable to deactivate the ground fault monitoring. This is necessary, for example, in an IT electrical system if there is no neutral conductor present and you intend to install the inverter between two line conductors. If you are uncertain about this, contact your grid operator or Solplanet.

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Safety in accordance with IEC 62109 when the ground fault monitoring is deactivated. In order to guarantee safety in accordance with IEC 62109 when ground fault monitoring is deactivated, carry out the following measure:

• Connect an additional grounding that has at least the same cross-section as the connected grounding conductor to the AC cable. This prevents touch current in the event of the grounding conductor on a damaged AC cable failing.

6.3.2 AC cable connection



Procedure:

Step 1: Switch off the AC circuit breaker and lock it to avoid it from being inadvertently switched on.







Step 3: Remove nut, take out the sealing ring, take out the plug, select the appropriate sealing ring according to the wire diameter, pass the cable through the waterproof connector on the AC/COM cover.



Step 4: Assemble the cable and crimp the OT/DT terminal.



Step 5: Connect the wires to the corresponding terminals, use heat shrink to cover exposed metal of the AC cable.



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NOTICE

Damage to the inverter due to incorrect wiring.

If the phase line is connected to PE terminal, the inverter will not function properly.

• Please ensure the AC cables are connected to the correct terminals on the terminal block.





6.4 DC connection

6.4.1 Requirements for the DC connection

Requirements for the connection of PV modules per MPPT input

- All PV modules should be of the same type.
- All PV modules should be aligned and tilted identically.
- On the coldest day based on statistical records, the open-circuit voltage of the PV array must never exceed the maximum input voltage of the inverter.
- The same number of series-connected PV modules must be connected to each string.
- The maximum input current per string must not be exceeded and must stay within the DC rating of the DC connectors.
- The DC cables to the inverter must be used with the connectors included in the scope of delivery.
- The thresholds for the input voltage and the input current of the inverter must be adhered to.
- The positive DC cables of the PV modules must be used with the positive DC connectors. The negative DC cables of the PV modules must be used with the negative DC connectors.

6.4.2 Assembling the DC connectors



For connection to the inverter, all PV module cables must be fitted with the DC connectors provided. There may be two different type of DC connector shipped. Assemble the DC connectors as described in the following section.

Type 1 DC connector "Phoenix Contact Sunclix"

Assemble the DC connectors as described below. Be sure to observe the correct polarity. The DC connectors are marked with the symbols "+" and " - ".



Cable requirements:

| ltem | Description | Value |
|------|--------------------------|------------|
| 1 | Cable type | PV cable |
| 2 | External diameter | 5-8 mm |
| 3 | Conductor cross-section | 2.5-6 mm² |
| 4 | Number of copper strands | At least 7 |
| 5 | The rated voltage | ≥1100 V |

Procedure:

Step 1: Strip 12 mm off the cable insulation.



Step 2: Insert the stripped section into the DC connector. Push the clamping bracket down

until it audibly snaps into place.






Step 3: Push the nut up to the thread and tighten the nut.(SW15, Torque: 2.0Nm).

Type 2 DC connector:

Assemble the DC connectors as described in the following section.

Assemble the DC connectors as described below. Be sure to observe the correct polarity. The DC connectors are marked with the symbols "+" and " – ".



Cable requirements:

| Item | Description | Value |
|------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Cable type | PV1-F,UL-ZKLA or USE2 |
| 2 | External diameter | 5-8 mm |
| 3 | Conductor cross-section | 2.5-6 mm² |
| 4 | Number of copper strands | At least 7 |
| 5 | The rated voltage | ≥1100 V |

Proceed as follows to assemble each DC connector.

Step 1: Strip 12 mm off the cable insulation.



Step 2: Assemble the cable ends with the appropriate crimping tool.



Step 3: Insert the cable through cable gland, and insert into the housing until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection. Tighten the cable gland and onto the housing (Torque 2.5-3Nm).



Step 4: Ensure that the cable is correctly positioned.

6.4.3 Connecting the PV array

Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter! When exposed to light, the PV modules generate high DC voltage which is present in the DC cables. Touching live DC cables may result in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock. Before connecting the PV array, ensure that the DC switch is switched off and that it cannot be turned on. Do not disconnect the DC connectors under load.

The inverter can be destroyed by overvoltage.

If the voltage of the strings exceeds the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter, it can be destroyed due to overvoltage. All warranty claims become void.

- Do not connect strings with an open-circuit voltage greater than the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter.
- Check the design of the PV system.

Step 1: Ensure that the inverter AC circuit breaker is switched off and ensure that it cannot be accidentally turned on.

Step 2: Ensure that the DC switch is switched off and ensure that it cannot be accidentally turned on.



Step 3: Ensure that there is no ground fault in the PV array.

Step 4: Check whether the DC connector has the correct polarity. If the DC connector is equipped with a DC cable having the wrong polarity, the DC connector must be reassembled. The DC cable must always have the same polarity as the DC connector.

Step 5: Ensure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV array does not exceed the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter. Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter until they audibly snap into place.

Type 1 DC connector "Phoenix Contact Sunclix":

• Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter.



• For unused DC connectors, push down the clamping bracket and push the swivel nut up to the thread. Insert the DC connectors with sealing plugs into the corresponding DC inputs on the inverter.



• Insert the DC connectors with sealing plugs into the corresponding DC inputs on the inverter.



Type 2 DC connector:

• Connect the assembled DC connectors to the inverter.



• Do not pull out the protective caps from unused DC input connectors.



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Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.(The image below uses the type 2 connector as an example only.)



Step 7: Ensure that all DC connectors and the DC connectors with sealing plugs are securely in place.

6.5 RS485 cable connection



Damage to the inverter due to electrostatic discharge.

Internal components of the inverter can be irreparably damaged by electrostatic discharge

• Ground yourself before touching any component.

6.5.1 Connection Procedure

Step 1: Take out the relevant accessory from the package.



Step 2: Remove the AC/COM cover from the inverter, set aside the removed screws for Step 6.

Step 3: Remove the nut remove the sealing ring, remove the plug.



Step 4: Strip the protection layer and insulation layer of the communication cable by the required, as described in the figure below.



Step 5: Pass the cable through the gland on the AC/COM cover, and then guide the cable insert into the corresponding terminal.



Step 6: Secure the AC/COM cover with screws, and finally tighten the gland.



Step 7: End.

6.5.2 Multi-inverter connection

In case of multiple inverters, all the inverters can be connected via RS485 cables in a daisy chain configuration.

The inverter has an impedance matching function of the 485 communication bus. If the communication bus needs to match the impedance, turn the DIP switch to the ON position. If the communication bus does not need to match the impedance, turn the DIP switch to the OFF position.

If multiple inverters are connected in a daisy chain communication configuration, the the DIP switch settings are as follows:



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It is recommended to choose 3-core twisted wire to improve the anti-interference ability of RS485 communication. The ground wire of the 3-core twisted wire can be connected to terminal G.



Step 1: Use the Wi-Fi stick included in the scope of delivery.

Step 2: Remove the dust and waterproof cover of the Wi-Fi stick on the inverter and retain it.



Step 3: Attach the Wi-Fi stick to the connection port in place and tighten it by hand with the nut on the Wi-Fi stick. Make sure the Wi-Fi stick is securely connected and the label on the Wi-Fi stick can be easily seen to allow for the scanning of the QR code during commissioning.





NOTICE

Rotating the Wi-Fi stick will damage the Wi-Fi stick!

The Wi-Fi stick is protected by locking nuts to protect the reliability of the connection. If the body of the Wi-Fi stick is rotated after the Wi-Fi stick has been installed, it may become damaged.

It can only be secured by the nut.

• Do not rotate the Wi-Fi stick housing body.



7 Commissioning

7.1 Inspection before commissioning

Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors!

When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC and AC conductors can lead to lethal electric shocks.

- Only touch the insulation of the DC cables.
- Only touch the insulation of the AC cables.
- Do not touch ungrounded PV modules and brackets.
- Wear personal protective equipment, such as insulating gloves.

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- Ensure the inverter DC switch inverter AC circuit breaker are OFF.
- Ensure the inverter has been correctly mounted onto the mounting bracket.
- Ensure there are no objects lying on top of the inverter.
- Ensure the communication cable and AC connector have been correctly wired and tightened.
- Ensure the inverter's exposed metal surface has a ground connection.
- Ensure the DC voltage of the strings does not exceed the permitted limits of the inverter.
- Ensure the DC voltage has the correct polarity.
- Ensure that the insulation resistance to ground is greater than the insulation resistance protection value.
- Ensure the grid voltage at the point of connection of the inverter complies with the permitted value of the inverter.
- Ensure the AC circuit breaker complies with this manual and all applicable local standards.

7.2 Commissioning procedure

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

- 1. Turn the DC switch of the inverter to the "ON" position.
- Set initial protection parameters via the Solplanet App. For details, please refer to "8.4 Create a plant".
- Switch on the AC circuit breaker. If the irradiation and grid conditions meet the minimum thresholds, the inverter will operate normally.
- 4. Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally.

8 Solplanet app

8.1 Brief introduction

The Solplanet App can establish communication connection to the inverter via WLAN, there by allowing local maintenance on the inverter. Users can view inverter information and set parameters through the App.

8.2 Download and install

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App.



^{8.3} Create an account

If you do not have an account, register a new account first.

Procedure:

- Step 1: Open Solplanet App to enter the login screen, and tap "Don't have an account" to enter the next screen.
- Step 2: The user groups "Business users" and "End user" need to be selected according to your identity, and tap "Next step".

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The end user and the business user have the different permissions for setting parameters. The end user only can set the parameters only once during commissioning. Business users have more permissions, submmission of identity authentication documents are required.

- Step 3: Enter a mobile phone number (Via SMS) or E-mail address (Via mail). And tap the "Send verification code".
- **Step 4**: Enter the correct verification code to automatically enter the next page.
- Step 5: Set the password and click "Register" to complete the registration.





Step 4

8.4 Create a plant

Procedure:

- Step 1: Open Solplanet App to enter the login screen, enter the account name and password, and tap "Log in" to enter the next screen.
- Step 2: Tap the symbol "+" to enter the next screen, and tap "Create or Modify Plant", then the camera of the smart device automatically turns on, and scan the QR code of the Wi-Fi stick to enter the next screen, tap "Create new plant" to the next screen.
- Enter the PV plant information in all fields marked with a red asterix, and tap "Create" Step 3: to enter the next screen.
- Step 4: After the planet is created, tap "Add dongle to the plant", and tap "Add to plant" to the next screen.

- Step 5: Tap "Connect to dongle access point", the smart device will connect to Wi-Fi stick hotsport automatically. The inverter list can be found after the connection successful. Please note that the green LED on the Wi-Fi stick should be Solid ON and the blue LED should be OFF. This LED status indicates that the Wi-Fi stick is not connected or has not been previously connected to a router.
- **Step 6**: Tap the inverter serial number that matches your inverter to set the parameters. The detail description can be found at section 8.5.

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The grid code should be chosen at this step. The standard parameters can be adjusted if the grid company has the different requirements.

- Step 7: After the parameter configuration, tap the left arrow to go back the inverter list page. Then tap "Next step" to enter the next page.
- **Step 8**: The parameter of the "Export Power Control" can be set, and tap "Save" after the parameter configuration. Then tap "Next step" to enter the next page.

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If "Export Power Control" is not required, tap "Next step" to skip this step.

- **Step 9**: Tap "Continue", and choose Wi-Fi network from the list, and enter Wi-Fi network password. Then tap "Continue" to enter the next step.
- Step 10: Observe whether the Led blue light of the dongle turns to solid ON. If it is solid ON, it means that the network configuration is successful, and you can tap "complete" to complete the configuration. Otherwise, go back to the previous step and reenter the Wi-Fi password.
- **Step 11**: Now the new plant has been created. Tap the plant to review the information of the plant.



Step 2





Step 4



Step 5

Step 6



Step 9







Step 11

8.5 Setting parameters

8.5.1 Inverter configuration

Solplanet's products comply with local grid codes when leaving the factory. The grid code and the parameters according to the requirements of the installation site should still be checked and confirmed. Once configuration of the product is completed, the product will start operating automatically.



Table description

| No. | Function | Description |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | Grid code settings | Choose a grid code. Allows the configuration of protec- tion parameters, start operation parameters and auotomatic reconnection parameters. |
| 0 | Inverter Details | Displays the general information of the inverter. Displays the present operation value of the inverter. |
| 3 | Function settings | Activate general inverter functions. |

| 4 | Active power settings | Allows the configuration of the P(U) curve, P(f) curve, active power limit and active power ramp rate. |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 6 | Reactive power settings | Allows the configuration the Q (U) curve, $\cos \phi$ (P) curve, fixed Q value or fix $\cos \phi$ value. |
| 6 | Inverter update | Update the firmware of the inverter and monitoring device e.g. Wi-Fi stick. |
| 0 | Power on/off | Remote turn ON/OFF of the inverter on the App. |
| 8 | Energy storage settings | Configure the parameters of the hybrid inverter. Configure the parameters of the battery. |

8.5.2 Grid code settings

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For the Australia market, the inverter cannot be connected to the grid before the safety related area is set. Please select from Australia Region A/B/C to comply with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, and contact your local electricity grid operator on which Region to select.

Normally you only need choose the grid code from the support grid code list. The product has fully complied with the standards that are added in the list. If required, the parameters can be adjusted to meet grid operator requirements.

Procedure:

- Step 1: Tap "Grid code setting" to enter to the next page.
- Step 2: Swipe the smart device screen to choose the correct grid code, then tap "Save" and go back the previous page.



8.5.3 Active power reduction at overfrequency P(f)

There are four modes(Please refer to the following images)which can be chosen for this function and certain parameters can be configured according to the requirement of the local grid company.

Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Tap "Active power settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 2: Tap "Overfrequency response settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 3: Tap the drop-down menu to choose the mode of this function.
- Step 4: Configure the parameters and tap "Save".



Step 4



Table description

| No. | Name | Description |
|-----|--|--|
| 0 | Act. Power as a percentage of Pn, Linear | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of Pn. The active power will continuously move along the frequency characteristic curve in the frequency range of f1 to f_{stop} . |
| 0 | Act. Power as a percentage of Pn, hysteresis | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of Pn. The active power shall remain at or below the lowest power output level reached in response to the increase in frequency between f1 to f_{stop} . |
| 3 | Act. Power as a percentage of Рм, Linear | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of P_M . The active power will continuously move along the frequency characteristic curve in the frequency range of f1 to f _{stop} . |
| 4 | Act. Power as a percentage of Рм, hysteresis | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of P_M . The active power shall remain at or below the lowest power output level reached in response to the increase in frequency between f1 to fstop. |
| 6 | Threshold frequency f ₁ | The threshold frequency for activating active power response to overfrequency. |

| 6 | Deactivation threshold f _{stop} | The threshold frequency for deactivating the active power response to overfrequency or disconnecting the inverter from the grid. |
|-----|---|--|
| Ø | Reset frequency freset | The threshold frequency for deactivating the active power response to overfrequency after the frequency reducing. |
| 8 | Droop ΔP | Reducing the active power in percentage of Pn or P_M when the frequency rise to f_{stop} . |
| 9 | Intentional delay time | The delay time for activating active power response to overfrequency after the frequency over f1. An intentional delay shall be programmable to adjust the dead time to a value between the intrinsic dead time and 2s. |
| 10 | Deactivation time tstop | The delay time that the active power can increase after the frequency below freset. |
| (1) | Active power gradient | The active power increasing gradient as a percent of Pn per minutes after the frequency reducing to freset. |

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Here, the Droop is different from the Droop S in section 3.7.2 of the standard EN 50549-1. The formula below should be used to manually configure the Droop S.

 $\Delta P = \frac{(f_{stop}-f_1)/f_n}{Droop S} \times 100$

8.5.4 Active power reduction at overvoltage P(U)

There are five modes(Please refer to the following images)which can be chosen for this function and certain parameters can be configured according to the requirement of the local

grid company.

Procedure:

- Step 1: Tap "Active power settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 2: Tap "Overvoltage response settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 3: Tap the drop-down menu to choose the mode of this function.
- Step 4: Configure the parameters and tap "Save".



Step 3

Step 4



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Table description

| No. | Parameter | Description |
|-----|--|--|
| 0 | Act. Power as a percentage of Рм, Linear | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of P _M . The active power will continuously move along the voltage characteristic curve in the voltage range of Ustart to U _{stop} . The active power will reduce from the P _M which is the instantaneous active power at the time of exceeding Start voltage U _{start} . |
| 0 | Act. Power as a percentage of Рм, hysteresis | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of P_{M} . The active power shall remain at or below the lowest power output level reached in response to the increase in voltage between U _{start} to U _{stop} . The active power will reduce from the P_M which is the instantaneous active power at the time of exceeding Start voltage U _{start} . |
| 3 | Act. Power as a percentage of Pn, Linear | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of Pn. The active power will continuously move along the voltage characteristic curve in the voltage range of U _{start} to U _{stop} . The active power will reduce from the rated active power Pn at all time. The active power may not reduce if the value of the curve is lower than the instantaneous active power at the time of exceeding Start voltage U _{start} . |
| @ | Act. Power as a percentage of Pn, hysteresis | Droop is defined as the active power as a percentage of Pn. The active power shall remain at or below the lowest power output level reached in response to the increase in the voltage range of U _{start} to U _{stop} . The active power reduce from the rated active power Pn at all time. The active power maybe don't reduce if the limited value of the curve is lower than the instantaneous active power at the time of exceeding Start voltage U _{start} . |
| 6 | Act. Power control for Taiwan | Special control mode for Chinese Taiwan market. |
| 6 | Start voltage U _{start} | The threshold voltage for activating active power response to overvoltage. |

| Ø | Stop voltage Ustop | The threshold voltage for deactivating the active power response to overvoltage or disconnecting the inverter from the grid. |
|----|-------------------------------------|---|
| 8 | Reset voltage U _{reset} | The threshold voltage for deactivating the active power response to overvoltage after the voltage reducing. Reset voltage does not function in the mode "Act. Power as a percentage of Pn, Linear". |
| 9 | Droop ΔP | Reducing the active power in percentage of Pn or P_{M} when the voltage rise to $U_{stop}.$ |
| 10 | Intentional delay time | The delay time for activating active power response to overvoltage after the voltage over U _{start} . An intentional delay shall be programmable to adjust the dead time to a value between the intrinsic dead time and 2s. |
| 1 | Deactivation time tstop | The delay time that the active power can increase after the voltage below U _{reset} . |
| 12 | Active power gradient | The active power increasing gradient as a percent of Pn per minutes after the frequency reducing to freset. |

8.5.5 $Cos\phi(P)$ curve configuration

The power related control mode $\cos\phi(P)$ controls the $\cos\phi$ of the output as a function of the active power output.

There are four coordinate points that can be configured. The coordinate points are the active

power as a percentage of Pn and the displacement factor $\mathsf{cos}\phi.$

Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Tap "Reactive power settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 2: Tap "Enable reactive power" to choose the reactive power control mode and tap the left arrow to go back.
- **Step 3**: Tap " $Cos\phi(P)$ curve settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 4: Configure the parameters and tap "Save".



Step 3

Step 4



Table description

| No. | Parameter | Description |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 1 | P/Pn | The active power as a percentage of Pn. |
| 0 | Cosφ | The displacement factor that is cosine of the phase angle between the fundamental components of the line to neutral point voltage and the respective current. |
| 3 | Phase | Choose the over-excited or under-excited. |
| @ | Activating voltage | The lock-in voltage value that enables the automatic reactive power delivery mode. Activation threshold as a percentage of Un corresponds to 'lock-in' voltage. |
| 6 | Deactivating voltage | The lock-out voltage value that disables the automatic reactive power delivery mode. Deactivation threshold as a percentage of Un corresponds to 'lock-out' voltage. |

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Grid operators may require two voltage thresholds as a percentage of Un to activate or deactivate the function. The voltage thresholds are usually referred to as 'lock-in' and 'lock-out' voltage.

8.5.6 Q(U) curve configuration

The voltage related control mode Q(U) controls the reactive power output as a function of the voltage.

There are four coordinate points that can be configured. The coordinate points are the voltage as a percentage of Un and the reactive power as a percentage of Pn.

Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Tap "Reactive power settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 2: Ttap "Enable reactive power" to choose the reactive power control mode and tap the left arrow to go back.
- Step 3: Tap "Q(U) curve settings" to enter to the next page.
- Step 4: Configure the parameters and tap "Save".







Table description

| No. | Parameter | Description |
|-----|--|--|
| 0 | U/Un | The voltage as a percentage of Un. |
| 2 | Q/Pn | The reactive power as a percentage of Pn. |
| 3 | Phase | Choose the over-excited or under-excited. |
| 4 | Activating power as a percentage of Pn | The lock-in active power value that enables the automatic reactive power delivery mode. Activation threshold as a percentage of Pn corresponds to 'lock-in' power. |
| 6 | Deactivating power as a percentage of Pn | The lock-out active power value that disables the automatic reactive power delivery mode. Deactivation threshold as a percentage of Pn corresponds to 'lock-out' power. |

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Some grid companies maybe requires two active power thresholds as a percentage of Pn to activate or deactivate the function. The active power thresholds normally call 'lock-in' and 'lock-out' active power.
Decommissioning the product

9.1 Disconnecting the inverter from voltage sources

Prior to performing any work on the product, always isolate it from all voltage sources as described in this section. Always adhere to the prescribed sequence.

A WARNING

9

Danger to life due to electric shock from destruction of the measuring device due to overvoltage.

Overvoltage can damage a measuring device and result in voltage being present in the enclosure of the measuring device. Touching the live enclosure of the measuring device results in death or lethal injuries due to electric shock.

Only use measuring devices with a DC input voltage range of 1100 Vdc or higher.

Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Turn OFF the AC circuit breaker connected downstream of the AC output of the inverter and lock and secure it to avoid inadvertent reconnection.
- Step 2: Turn OFF the DC switch and lock and secure it to avoid inadvertant reconnection.
- Step 3: Wait until the LEDs are OFF.
- Step 4: Use a current clamp meter to ensure that no current is present in the DC cables.

🛕 DANGER

Danger to life due to electric shock when touching exposed exposed DC conductors or DC plug contacts if the DC connectors are damaged or loose!

The DC connectors can break or become damaged, become free of the DC cables, or no longer be connected correctly if the DC connectors are released and disconnected incorrectly. This can result in the DC conductors or DC plug contacts being exposed. Touching exposed live DC conductors or DC plug connectors will result in death or serious injury due to electric shock.

- Wear appropriately insulated gloves and use appropriately insulated tools when working on the DC connectors.
- Ensure that the DC connectors are in perfect condition and that none of the DC conductors or DC plug contacts are exposed.
- Carefully release and remove the DC connectors as described in the following.

Step 5: Wait until the LEDs are OFF.

Type 1 DC connector "Sunclix"

Type 2 DC connector

Release and remove the DC connectors. To do so, insert a flat-blade screwdriver or an angled screwdriver (blade width: 3.5 mm) into one of the side slots and pull the DC connectors out. To remove DC plug connectors, insert the appropriate tool into the slots and press the tool with an appropriate force.



- **Step 6**: Ensure that no voltage is present between the positive terminal and negative terminal at the DC inputs using a suitable measuring device.
- Step 7: Open the AC/COM cover junction box and use a multimeter to ensure that the AC wiring terminals isolated from an AC power source. Remove the AC cables in reverse order by referring to "6.3.2 AC cable connection" and "6.5 RS485 cable connection".
- Step 8: Hold down the buckle on the side of the RS485 terminal and pull out the RS485 terminal.
- Step 9: Loosen the nut of the Wi-Fi stick and then gently pull out the Wi-Fi stick.



9.2 Dismantling the inverter

After disconnecting all electrical connections as described in Section 9.1, the inverter can be removed as follows.

Procedure:

- Step 1: Dismantle the inverter referring to "5.3 Mounting" in reverse steps.
- Step 2: If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- Step 3: If the inverter will be reinstalled in the future, please refer to "3.2 Inverter Storage".

10 Technical data

10.1 AC/DC

10.1.1 ASW45-60K-LT-G3

| DC Input | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Туре | ASW45K-LT-G3 | ASW50K-LT-G3 | ASW60K-LT-G3 |
| Maximum power of PV array | 67500Wp | 75000Wp | 90000Wp |
| Maximum input voltage | 1100V | | |
| MPP voltage range | 200-1000V | | |
| MPP voltage range at Pnom | 500-850V | | |
| Rated input voltage | 630V | | |
| Minimum input voltage | 200V | | |
| Initial input voltage | 250V | | |
| Max. operating input current per MPPT | 40A/32A/32A/40A 40A/32A/32A/40A/32A | | |
| Max. short circuit current per MPP | 60A/48A/48A/60A 60A/48A/48A/60A/48A | | |
| Maximum reverse current into the PV modules | OA | | |
| Number of independent MPP inputs | 4 | 5 5 | |
| Strings per MPP input | 2 | | |
| Overvoltage category in accordance with ICE 60664-1 | II | | |

AC output

| Rated power at 230V | 45000W | 50000W | 60000W |
|--|---|--|-------------------|
| Rated apparent power at $\cos \phi = 1$ | 49500W | 55000W | 66000W |
| Maximum apparent power at cos φ = 1 | 49500VA | 55000VA | 66000VA |
| Nominal grid voltage | | 220V / 380V [3/N/P 230V / 400V [3/N/F 240V / 415V [3/N/F | PE] PE] PE] |
| Grid voltage range | | 180-305V / 312-528 | V |
| Nominal grid frequency | | 50Hz/60Hz | |
| Grid frequency range | | 45-55Hz/55-65Hz | : |
| Rated current at 220 V | 68.2A | 75.8A | 91.0A |
| Rated current at 230V | 65.3A | 72.5A | 87.0A |
| Rated current at 240V | 62.5A | 69.5A | 83.4A |
| Maximum output current | 75.2A | 83.6A | 95.3A |
| Inrush current | <20% of nominal AC current for a maximum of 10ms | | |
| Contribution to peak short-circuit current ip | 330A | | |
| Initial short-circuit alternating current (Ik" first single period effective value) | 75.2A | 83.6A | 95.3A |
| Short circuit current continuous [ms] (max output fault current) | 75.2A | 83.6A | 95.3A |
| Recommended rated current of AC circuit breaker | 100A | 100A | 125A |

| Total harmonic distortion of the output current with total harmonic distortion of the AC voltage <2%, and AC power >50% of the rated power | <3% | |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Power factor at rated power | 1 | |
| Adjustable displacement power factor | 0.8 inductive 0.8 capacitive | |
| Feed-in phase | 3 | |
| Connection phase | 3 | |
| Overvoltage category in accordance with IEC 60664-1 | III | |
| Efficiency | | |
| Maximum efficiency | 98.6% | |
| European weighted efficiency | 98.3% | |

(1) The voltage range meets the requirements of the corresponding national grid code.

(2) The frequency range meets the requirements of the corresponding national grid code.

10.2 General data

| General data | ASW45K/50K/60K-LT-G3 |
|---|------------------------|
| Width × height × depth | 670 mm × 580 mm ×270mm |
| Weight | 40Kg/43Kg/43Kg |
| Topology | Non-isolated |
| Operating temperature range | -25°C+60°C |
| Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) | 0% 100% |
| Degree of protection for electronics in accordance with IEC 60529 | IP66 |
| Climatic category in accordance with IEC 60721 -3-4 | 4K4H |
| Protection class (according to IEC 62103) | I |
| Pollution degree outside the enclosure | 3 |
| Pollution degree inside the enclosure | 2 |
| Maximum operating altitude above mean sea level | 4000m(>3000m derating) |
| Self-consumption (night) | <1 W |
| Cooling method | Active coolling |
| Typical noise emission | < 55 dB(A)@1m |
| Display | LED indicator, App |

| Demand response mode in accordance with AS/NZS 4777.2 | DRMO |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Export active power output | Via connecting Smart meter |
| Earth Fault Alarm | Audible (AU) |
| Interfaces | 1 x RS485 port, 1 x WiFi stick port |
| Communication | Modbus RTU |
| Mounting information | Wall mounting bracket |
| DC connection technology | Plug-in connector |
| AC connection technology | OT/DT Connecto |
| Radio technology | WLAN 802.11 b/g/n |
| Radio spectrum | 2.4 GHz |
| Maximum transmission power | 100 mW |

10.3 Protective device

| Protective devices | ASW45K/50K/60K-LT-G3 |
|---|--------------------------|
| DC reverse polarity protection | Integrated |
| DC isolator | Integrated |
| Ground fault monitoring | Integrated |
| AC short- circuit current capability | Integrated |
| All-pole sensitive residual- current monitoring unit | Integrated |
| Active anti-islanding protection | Integrated |
| PV string current monitoring | Integrated |
| DC current injection monitoring | Integrated |
| Low voltage ride through | Integrated |
| High voltage ride through | Integrated |
| Overvoltage protection | DC Type II / AC Type III |

Troubleshooting

11

When the PV system does not operate normally, we recommend the following solutions for quick troubleshooting. If an error occurs, the red LED will turn solid ON. The error code can be read from the Solplanet APP.

| Error code | Message | Corrective measures |
|-------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1-5 8-10 | Self-diagnosis fault | • Disconnect the inverter from the utility grid and the PV array and reconnect it after LED's turn off. If this fault is still being displayed, contact Solplanet service. |
| 6 | Bus over voltage fault | Check the open-circuit voltages of the strings and make sure it is below the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter. If the input voltage is within the permitted range and the fault still occurs, it might be that the internal circuit has been damaged. Contact Solplanet service. |
| 32 | RoCoF fault | Check the grid frequency and observe how often major fluctuations occur. If this fault is caused by frequent fluctua- tions, try to modify the operating parameters after informing the grid |
| 33 | Grid frequency fault | Check the grid frequency and observe how often major fluctuations occur. If this fault is caused by frequent fluctua- tions, try to modify the operating parameters after informing the grid operator first. |
| 34 | Grid voltage fault | Check the grid voltage and and the cable connections at the inverter. Check the grid voltage at the point of connection. If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, try to modify the values of the monitored operational limits after informing the electric utility company first. If the grid voltage lies within the permitted range and this fault still occurs, contact Solplanet service. |

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| 35 | Grid loss | Check whether any AC circuit breakers downstream of the inverter AC output have switched off. Check the grid voltage to ensure that it is within the permitted values of the grid code. Check the AC cable and the cable connec- tion at the inverter. If this fault is still being shown, contact Solplanet service. |
|-------------|---|--|
| 36 56-58 | GFCI fault | Ensure the grounding connection of the inverter is reliable. Conduct a visual inspection of all PV cables and modules. If this fault is still shown, contact Solplanet service. |
| 37 | PV over voltage fault | Check the open-circuit voltages of the strings and make sure it is below the maximum DC input voltage of the inverter. If the input voltage lies within the permitted range and the fault still occurs, contact Solplanet service. |
| 38 | Isolation fault | Check the PV array's insulation to ground and ensure that the insulation resistance to ground is greater than 1 MOhm. Otherwise, conduct a visual inspection of all PV cables and modules. Ensure the grounding connection of the inverter is reliable. If this fault occurs often, contact Solplanet service. |
| 40 | Over temperature fault | Check whether the airflow to the heat sink is obstructed. Check whether the ambient temperature around the inverter is too high. |
| 41-45 47 | Self-diagnosis fault | Disconnect the inverter from the grid and the PV array and reconnect after 3 minutes. If this fault is still being shown, contact Solplanet service. |
| 48 | 10 minutes average over voltage fault | Check the grid voltage at the point of connection of inverter. If the grid voltage is outside the permissible range due to local grid conditions, try to modify the values of the monitored operational limits after informing the electric utility company first. If the grid voltage lies within the permitted range and this fault still occurs, contact Solplanet service. |

| 61,62 | DRMs device fault | • | Check the DRED device communication or operation |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| 65 | PE wire connection fault | • | Check if the ground line is connected with the inverter. Ensure the grounding connection of the inverter is connected and reliable. If this fault occurs often, contact Solplanet service. |

Contact Solplanet service if you encounter errors not listed in the table above.

12 Maintenance

12.1 Cleaning the contacts of the DC switch

High voltage of PV string may cause life danger!

If the DC connector is disconnected while the PV inverter is working, an electric arc may occur causing electric shock and burns.

• Please disconnect the circuit breaker on the AC side first, and then disconnect the DC switch.

To ensure the normal operation of the DC input switch, it is necessary to clean the DC switch

contacts every year.

Procedure:

- Step 1: Turn OFF the AC circuit breaker downstream of the inverter AC output and lock and secure it to avoid inadvertent reconnection.
- **Step 2**: Rotate the DC switch handle from the ON" position to the "OFF" position and repeat five times.
- 12.2 Cleaning air inlet and outlet

CAUTION

Hot enclosure or heat sink may cause personal injury!

When the inverter is working, the temperature of the enclosure or heat sink may be higher than 70 \degree . Physical contact may cause burns.

 Before cleaning the air outlet, shut down the machine and wait approximately 30 minutes until the temperature of the enclosure decreases to a normal temperature.

A considerable amount of heat is generated as the inverter is feeding power into the grid. The inverter adopts a controlled forced-air cooling method. In order to maintain good ventilation, please check to make sure the air inlet and outlet are not blocked.

Procedure:

Step 1: Turn OFF the AC circuit breaker downstream of the AC output of the inverter and ensure that it cannot be inadvertently reconnected.

- **Step 2**: Turn OFF the DC switch, rotate the DC switch handle from the "ON" position to the "OFF" position.
- **Step 3**: Clean the air inlet and outlet of the inverter with a soft brush.

12.3 Fan maintenance

Hot enclosure or heat sink may cause personal injury!

When the inverter is working, the temperature of the enclosure or heat sink may be higher than 70 \degree . Physical contact may cause burns.

 Before cleaning the air outlet, shut down the machine and wait approximately 30 minutes until the temperature of the enclosure decreases to a normal temperature.

Fans inside the inverter are used to cool the inverter during operation. If the fans do not operate normally, the inverter may not be cooled down and inverter efficiency may decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to clean the dirty fans and replace the broken fans in time.

Procedure:

- **Step 1**: Turn OFF the AC circuit breaker downstream of the AC output of the inverter and ensure that it cannot be inadvertently turned ON.
- Step 2: Disconnect the DC switch and rotate the DC switch handle from the "ON" position to the "OFF" position. Wait for approximately 30 minutes until the heatsink temperature is reduced to normal temperature.
- Step 3: Loosen the screw on the sealing plate of the fan module.



Step 4: Press down on the latch, disconnect the fan power connector and pull out

the fan tray.



Step 5:Remove the screws at the bottom of the fan. Use a clean cloth, brush, or vacuum
cleaner to clean the fan, or replace the faulty fan directly.



 $\label{eq:step 6} Step \ 6: \quad \mbox{Reinstall the fan back to the inverter in reverse order and restart the inverter.}$

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Recycling and disposal

Dispose of the packaging and replaced parts according to the rules applicable in the country where the device is installed.



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Do not dispose of the product together with the household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

14 EU declaration of conformity

Within the scope of the EU directives

- Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU
- (L 153/62-106. May 22. 2014) (RED)
- Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances 2011/65/EU (L 174/88, June 8, 2011) and 2015/863/EU (L 137/10, March 31,2015) (RoHS)

AISWEI Technology Co., Ltd. confirms herewith that the inverters described in this manual are in compliance with the fundamental requirements and other relevant provisions of the above mentioned directives.

The entire EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at www.solplanet.net.



15 Service and warranty

If you have any technical problems concerning our products, please contact Solplanet service. We require the following information in order to provide you with the necessary assistance:

- Inverter device type
- Inverter serial number
- Type and number of connected PV modules
- Error code
- Mounting location
- Installation date
- Warranty card

Warranty terms and conditions can be downloaded at www.solplanet.net.

When the customer needs warranty service during the warranty period, the customer must provide a copy of the invoice, factory warranty card, and ensure the electrical label of the inverter is legible. If these conditions are not met, Solplanet has the right to refuse to provide with the relevant warranty service.

Contact

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EMEA

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LATAM Service email: service.LATAM@solplanet.net

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